

HOUSE JOURNAL

FORTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, SECOND CALLED SESSION

PROCEEDINGS

FIRST DAY

Hall of the House of Representatives,
Austin, Texas

Monday, September 27, 1937

In obedience of the proclamation of His Excellency, James V. Allred, Governor of Texas, convening the Forty-fifth Legislature to meet in Special Session at Austin, the seat of government, this the twenty-seventh day of September, 1937, the Members of the House of Representatives assembled in Representative Hall, and at 12:00 o'clock m., the House was called to order by the Hon. R. W. Calvert, Speaker.

Prayer was offered by Rev. George W. Coltrin, Chaplain.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

The Speaker laid before the House, and had read, the following proclamation by the Governor:

To All To Whom These Presents Shall Come:

Whereas, The General Fund of this State is at present operating under a deficit of approximately Fifteen Million Dollars; and

Whereas, The Forty-fifth Legislature of the Regular Session passed appropriation bills increasing expenditures over those of the past biennium; and

Whereas, Income into the General Fund does not equal outgo by at least Four and a Half Million Dollars per year; and

Whereas, It is desirable that the deficit of Fifteen Million Dollars shall be retired at least over a period of years; and

Whereas, No revenue measures were passed by the Forty-fifth Legislature to provide for either retiring the deficit or to take care of the increased appropriations; and

Whereas, I recommended to the Regular Session of the Forty-fifth

Legislature that additional moneys be placed in the Old Age Assistance Fund, and such Fund is now in debt \$1,626,000.00 on outstanding warrants and the Board of Control estimates that in addition we need to allocate approximately Two Million Dollars annually to this fund; and, in my opinion, the Old Age Assistance Fund does need additional revenues to care for the actual needy; and

Whereas, At a special election held on August 23, 1937, the people adopted amendments to the Constitution to authorize the State to aid the needy blind and provide help for the needy, neglected and dependent children of this State (not to exceed \$1,500,000.00 per year); and

Whereas, The people have heretofore adopted an amendment to authorize a Teachers Retirement Act and the Forty-fifth Legislature passed a law to make said amendment effective; and

Whereas, It is the duty of the Legislature of this State to provide revenues for the operation of the government, and, in my opinion, it is certainly the duty of the Legislature to provide revenues to take care of the appropriations they have themselves made and to carry out the people's will, manifested in the adoption of such constitutional amendments;

Now, Therefore, I, James V. Allred, Governor of the State of Texas, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of this State, do hereby call the Second Extraordinary Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature to be convened in the City of Austin commencing at 12:00 o'clock noon on Monday, the 27th day of September, A. D., 1937, for the following purpose:

To pass laws levying taxes to raise revenues sufficient to adequately provide for:

A. The wiping out of the deficit in the General Fund and to make income equal outgo from said Fund.

B. To provide additional funds to be allocated for old age assistance.

C. To provide for aid to the needy blind, the dependent, neglected and needy children, and to take care of the State's portion under the Teachers' Retirement Amendment and Act.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto signed my name officially and caused the Seal of State to be impressed hereon at Austin, this the 11th day of September, 1937.

(Signed) JAMES V. ALLRED,
Governor of Texas.

By the Governor:

(Seal) EDWARD CLARK,
Secretary of State.

Speaker Calvert then declared the House of Representatives to be duly assembled in accordance with the Proclamation.

The roll of the House was called, and the following Members were present:

Mr. Speaker	England
Adkins	Farmer
Alexander	Felty
Alsup	Fielden
Amos	Fox
Anderson	Fuchs
Baker	Gibson
Bates	Graves
Beckworth	Hamilton
Bell	Hankamer
Blankenship	Hanna
Boethel	Harbin
Bond	Hardin
Boyer	Harper
Bradbury	Harrell
Bradford	Harris of Archer
Bridgers	Harris of Dallas
Broadfoot	Harris of Dickens
Brown	Hartzog
Burton	Heflin
Cagle	Herzik
Callan	Holland
Carssow	Hoskins
Cathey	Howard
Cauthorn	Huddleston
Celaya	Hull
Cleveland	Hyder
Colquitt	Jackson
Davis of Haskell	Johnson of Ellis
Davis of Jasper	Johnson
Davisson	of Tarrant
of Eastland	Jones of Angelina
Dean	Jones of Atascosa
Deglandon	Jones of Falls
Derden	Jones of Wise
Dickison	Keefe
Dollins	Keith
Donaghey	Kelt

Kenyon	Quinn
Kern	Ragsdale
King	Reader
Knetsch	Reed of Bowie
Langdon	Reed of Dallas
Lankford	Rhodes
Lanning	Riddle
Leath	Roark
Lehman	Ross
Leyendecker	Russell
Little	Schuenemann
Loggins	Settle
London	Sewell
Lucas	Sharpe
Mann	Shell
Mauritz	Simpson
Mays	Skaggs
McConnell	Smith of Hopkins
McDonald	Smith
McFarland	of Matagorda
McKee	Smith of Tarrant
McKinney	Stevenson
Metcalf	Stinson
Moffett	Stocks
Monkhouse	Talbert
Morris	Tarwater
Morse	Tennant
Newton	Tennyson
Nicholson	Thornberry
Oliver	Thornton
Palmer	Vale
Patterson of Mills	Waggoner
Patterson	Weldon
of Travis	Westbrook
Petsch	Winfree
Pope	Wood
Powell	Worley
Prescott	

Absent—Excused

Davison of Fisher Leonard
Rutta

A quorum was announced present.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE GRANTED

The following Member was granted leave of absence on account of important business:

Mr. Rutta for today, on motion of Mr. Hamilton.

OATHS OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED

Speaker Calvert stated that Hon. Preston L. Anderson, Representative-elect of the Seventy-eighth Representative District, to succeed Hon. A. O. McCracken, resigned, and Hon. Henry G. Lehman, Representative-elect of the Sixty-fifth Representative District, to succeed Hon. Jesse James, resigned, and Hon. R. R. Donaghey, Representative-elect of the One Hun-

dred and Twelfth Representative District, to succeed Hon. Albert G. Walker, resigned, were present within the Hall of the House, and stated that the constitutional oath of office would now be administered to them.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Hon. George L. Moffett of Hardeman County, Hon. Fred Felty, of Bexar County, and Hon. Albert Deglandon, of Bastrop County, as a committee to escort the Members-elect to the Speaker's stand.

Mr. Anderson, Mr. Donaghey, and Mr. Lehman, having been escorted to the Speaker's stand, then took the constitutional oath of office which was administered by Speaker R. W. Calvert.

Speaker Calvert presented Hon. Fred Felty who introduced Hon. P. L. Anderson.

Mr. Anderson then addressed the House briefly.

Speaker Calvert presented Hon. George Moffett who introduced Hon. R. R. Donaghey.

Mr. Donaghey addressed the House briefly.

Speaker Calvert presented Hon. Albert Deglandon who introduced Hon. Henry G. Lehman.

Mr. Lehman then addressed the House briefly.

PROVIDING FOR APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES TO NOTIFY THE GOVERNOR AND THE SENATE OF ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Alsup offered the following resolution:

H. S. R. No. 1, Providing for appointment of committees to notify the Governor and the Senate of organization of House.

Whereas, The House of Representatives is now called to order in the Second Called Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Speaker appoint two committees of five Members each, one to notify the Governor, and one to notify the Senate that the House of Representatives is now organized and ready to transact business.

The resolution was read second time, and was adopted.

In accordance with the above action, the Speaker announced the appointment of the following committee to notify the Governor: Messrs. Mays, Kern, Donaghey, Lehman and Anderson.

In accordance with the above action, the Speaker announced the appointment of the following committee to notify the Senate: Messrs. Ross, Deglandon, Stocks, Morse and Roark.

SENATE NOTIFIED

The committee appointed to notify the Senate that the House is now organized and ready for the transaction of business, appeared at the bar of the House and, being duly announced, stated that they had performed the duty assigned them.

GOVERNOR NOTIFIED

The committee appointed to notify the Governor that the House is now organized and ready for the transaction of business, appeared at the bar of the House and, being duly announced, stated that they had performed the duty assigned them.

PROVIDING FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Alsup offered the following resolution:

H. S. R. No. 2, Providing for employees of the House.

Whereas, It is the duty of the State of Texas to furnish the House of Representatives and its Members with the proper facilities, employees, and supplies to permit them to conduct and transact their official business in a business-like and efficient manner; therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Second Called Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature of the State of Texas, That the Speaker of the House shall appoint the following employees to serve for such compensation as is herein provided for the duration of the Second Called Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature, unless otherwise specified:

1. One Parliamentarian to the House at \$10.00 per day.
2. Two secretaries to the Speaker at \$6.00 per day each.
3. One bill clerk at \$4.00 per day.
4. One assistant to the Chief Clerk at \$6.00 per day.

5. One bookkeeper to the Chief Clerk at \$6.00 per day.

6. One secretary to the Chief Clerk at \$5.00 per day.

7. One stenographer to the Chief Clerk at \$5.00 per day.

8. One assistant to Journal Clerk at \$5.00 per day.

9. Two assistants to the Calendar Clerk at \$4.00 per day each.

10. One clerk to the Committee on Appropriations, at \$6.00 per day.

11. One assistant clerk to the Committee on Appropriations at \$5.00 per day.

12. Two stenographers to the Committee on Appropriations at \$5.00 per day each.

13. One reference librarian and data clerk at \$5.00 per day.

14. One superintendent of stenographers at \$6.50 per day.

15. Fifty expert stenographers and typists at \$5.00 per day.

16. One superintendent of committee clerks at \$5.00 per day.

17. Committee clerks at \$4.00 per day each, as needed.

18. One clerk for the Committee on Contingent Expenses at \$5.00 per day.

19. One bookkeeper to the Committee on Contingent Expenses at \$4.00 per day.

20. One mailing clerk for the Journal at \$5.00 per day.

21. One assistant mailing clerk for the Journal at \$4.00 per day.

22. One supply clerk and storekeeper at \$2.50 per day.

23. One assistant supply clerk and storekeeper at \$2.50 per day.

24. One page to the Committee on Contingent Expenses at \$2.50 per day.

25. One page to the Doorkeeper at \$3.00 per day.

26. One page to the Assistant Doorkeeper at \$3.00 per day.

27. One page to the Enrolling room at \$2.50 per day.

28. One page to the Engrossing room at \$2.50 per day.

29. One page to the stenographic force at \$2.50 per day.

30. One messenger to carry papers to the Confederate Home at \$2.00 per day.

31. Twenty-five pages at \$2.50 per day each.

32. One multigraph and/or mimeograph clerk at \$4.00 per day.

33. One secretary to Mr. Alsup at \$4.00 per day.

34. Four Assistant Sergeants-at-Arms at \$4.00 per day each.

35. One secretary to the Sergeant-at-Arms at \$4.00 per day.

36. One night watchman at \$3.00 per day.

37. One assistant night watchman at \$3.00 per day.

38. Ten porters at \$2.00 per day each.

39. One men's wash room porter at \$2.50 per day.

40. One extra duty porter at \$2.50 per day.

41. One maid for ladies' lounge room at \$2.00 per day.

42. One superintendent of porters at \$3.50 per day.

43. Two elevator operators at \$2.00 per day each.

44. One chief operator for voting machine at \$7.50 per day.

45. One assistant operator for voting machine at \$5.00 per day.

46. One House postmaster at \$4.00 per day.

Be it further resolved, That it shall be the duty of the Speaker, and he is hereby empowered, to dispense with the services of any employee who, in his judgment, is not further needed; or for the misconduct of any employee, and he shall have the power to appoint extra help whenever in his judgment it is needed. The duties of the employees heretofore mentioned shall be such as are required by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and he is hereby empowered to apportion the hours and pay of part-time employees.

Any of the employees may be excused by the Speaker for causes deemed by him sufficient; provided further, that any employee who shall absent himself without leave shall not receive any compensation for the time missed during his absence. The salaries of the employees shall begin when they are instructed to begin work by the Speaker.

Be it further resolved, That each Member of the House of Representatives of the Second Called Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature be and is herewith allowed a credit in the sum of \$30.00 each with the Committee

on Contingent Expenses for expenditure for stationery, supplies, postage, telephone tolls and/or telegraph tolls. The Speaker shall be allowed an additional \$15.00, the Chief Clerk shall be allowed \$25.00, the Committee on Contingent Expenses, the Committee on Claims and Accounts, and the Sergeant-at-Arms each shall be allowed \$15.00 and the Committee on Appropriations shall be allowed \$25.00.

The Committee on Contingent Expenses shall procure and keep for the use of the House, its Members, officers and committees, such stationery, stamps and other supplies as may be needed and ordered by the House, the Speaker, and/or the Chairman of the Committee on Contingent Expenses. The clerk of the Committee shall keep an itemized account of the quantity of every kind of material received, the date it was received, the price paid therefor, and the persons from whom it was received. The unused remainder, if any, shall be delivered at the close of the Session to the Board of Control for safe-keeping. The office of this Committee shall be kept open daily, except Sundays, from 8:30 a. m., until one hour after the adjournment of the House, and on Sundays from 9:00 a. m., to 11:00 a. m. The Committee shall keep a set of books containing an account for each Member, officer, and/or committee authorized by the House, to expend stationery, supplies, stamps, telephone and/or telegraph tolls, and shall charge to each such account its daily withdrawals. The clerk of the Committee shall furnish a statement to each of the accounts, monthly, or when requested.

The Committee on Contingent Expenses shall have jurisdiction over the mailing of the Journal.

Each Member shall be furnished with three weekly and/or daily newspapers, of his own selection.

All requisitions for paper and supplies necessary for the preparation of bills and/or resolutions, for the use of the Enrolling and Engrossing rooms and/or the Standing Committees of the House shall be under the direction and care of the Committee on Contingent Expenses. This committee is also authorized to rent a sufficient number of typewriters and other business machines for the use of the House and its employees, and to furnish same with proper materials.

Be it further resolved, That eleven hundred copies of the House Journal

be printed daily; one hundred to be delivered to the Senate, one copy to be placed on each Member's desk daily, seventy-five copies to be delivered to the State Library and the remainder to be left with the Committee on Contingent Expenses for distribution under the direction of the Speaker; and

Be it further resolved, That no allowances included in this resolution shall be expended except for actual salaries and/or actual expenses of the House, its Members, officers, committees, and/or employees hereinabove set out, all such funds necessary to be expended in payment of the above shall be paid out of the Contingent Expense Fund of the House.

The resolution was read second time.

Mr. Jones of Falls offered the following amendment to the resolution:

"Amend House Simple Resolution No. 2, by changing the salary of the Contingent Expense Committee Clerk from \$5.00 to \$6.00 per day."

The amendment was lost.

The resolution was then adopted.

TO GRANT PERMISSION TO SUE THE STATE

Mr. Stevenson offered the following resolution:

H. C. R. No. 2, To grant Vina Wood, surviving wife of J. W. Wood, deceased, and Smoky Wood and Sid Wood, surviving heirs of J. W. Wood, deceased, permission to sue the State Highway Commission and the State of Texas.

Whereas, During the years 1934 and 1935, Mrs. Vina Wood, survivor in community of J. W. Wood, deceased, and Smoky Wood and Sid Wood, surviving heirs of J. W. Wood, deceased, claim their homestead consisting of 220 acres of land was damaged by the State Highway Commission by virtue of the construction of State Highway No. 55 which runs south from Rocksprings in Edwards County, Texas, to Barksdale in Edwards County, Texas, through and over the said land of said parties, and which they claim has damaged said land by destruction of turf and pecan trees and by appropriating a part thereof as right of way; and

Whereas, The State Highway Commission contends that suit cannot be maintained against the State Highway Commission without permission from

the Legislature of the State of Texas; and

Whereas, The Legislature of the State of Texas does not admit that the plaintiffs have a valid or just claim against the State Highway Commission; it is nevertheless the sense of this Legislature that the plaintiffs should have the opportunity of establishing and enforcing their claim (if any) by a judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction; and

Whereas, Suit has been filed on said claim in the District Court of Edwards County, Texas, by the plaintiff, Vina Wood, and the Attorney General of Texas has answered for the State of Texas and the State Highway Commission in said suit, but no action has been taken by said court on said suit, and said claim has not been paid in whole or in part; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, That Mrs. Vina Wood, Smoky Wood and Sid Wood be, and hereby are, granted permission to continue and prosecute said suit to final judgment against the State Highway Commission of the State of Texas in Edwards County in order to determine whether or not they are entitled to damages and compensation as claimed in said suit.

The resolution was read second time, and was referred, by the Speaker, to the Committee on State Affairs.

TO PROVIDE FOR APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE REVENUE NEEDS OF THE STATE

Mr. Derden offered the following resolution:

H. S. R. No. 3, To provide for appointment of committee to investigate revenue needs of the State.

Whereas, In the Regular Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature there was introduced and passed out of the House of Representatives certain tax bills, including tax on oil, gas and sulphur and a franchise tax bill, all of which when combined was estimated to raise in new taxes a revenue in the sum of Fifteen Million (\$15,000,000.00) Dollars or more; and

Whereas, In the Regular Session there was introduced and passed through this House a bill providing for the remission of the State Ad Valorem tax back into the various counties of the State which would

have taken approximately Eight and One Half Million (\$8,500,000.00) Dollars from the State's revenue; and

Whereas, There was also introduced during the Regular Session a bill providing for the liberalization of the Old Age Assistance which if the same had become enacted into law would have necessitated the expenditure of an additional Four Million (\$4,000,000.00) Dollars; and

Whereas, It was the intention and desire of the Legislature and the Members of this House to use the additional revenue which would have been provided in the tax bills passed through this House for the purpose of replacing the Ad Valorem Tax in the General Revenue Fund and a goodly portion of the balance thereof to provide a more liberal Old Age Assistance than was at this time or at the present time being paid; and

Whereas, All of the above mentioned tax bills failed of consideration in the Senate and the General Tax Remission Bill likewise failed in the Senate and the liberalization of Old Age Assistance failed in the House, the purpose for which the money was to be derived failed of passage; and

Whereas, The Legislature is now convened by the Governor for the purpose of again raising new revenue to the extent of approximately Fifteen Million (\$15,000,000.00) Dollars; and

Whereas, Under the call there is no mention of any relief to the tax payers back in our respective counties on the taxes which they are now paying; and

Whereas, There is little or no probability of liberalizing the Old Age Assistance payments under the present Session, this Session being called to raise revenue for new and entirely different purposes; and

Whereas, The House of Representatives is in need of definite and conclusive information in regard to the amount of taxes actually needed at this present time and the purposes for the said revenue is needed; and

Whereas, The Governor, the Treasurer and the Comptroller of this State are at variance in their opinions as to the actual financial condition of the State and its needs for additional revenue; and

Whereas, The House of Representatives is the body of the Legislature in which tax bills must originate and

out of which they must first be passed; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Speaker be authorized and instructed by this Honorable Body to appoint a committee of 15 men from the membership of the House to make inquiry into the question of the amount of money, if any, is actually needed at this time and for what purposes the same is needed and in what amount for each purpose; and, be it further

Resolved, That this committee, if appointed, be and the same is hereby instructed to report back to this Honorable Body not later than Monday morning, October 4th as to what amount of additional revenue they find to be actually needed to meet the present necessitous condition and for what purposes it is needed and the amount for each purpose.

DERDEN,
REED of Bowie,
CAGLE,
DAVIS of Haskell,
BRADFORD,
HARRELL,
SIMPSON,
HANNA,
HYDER,
SETTLE.

The resolution was read second time.

Mr. Derden moved that further consideration of the resolution be set as a special order for 10:00 o'clock a. m., tomorrow.

Question recurring on the motion by Mr. Derden, yeas and nays were demanded.

The motion was lost by the following vote:

Yeas—55

Alsup	Hartzog
Baker	Heflin
Bates	Herzik
Beckworth	Hoskins
Blankenship	Howard
Boyer	Hull
Bradford	Hyder
Bridgers	Johnson
Cagle	of Tarrant
Callan	Jones of Atascosa
Derden	Kenyon
Donaghey	Kern
Fox	Knetsch
Hamilton	Lankford
Hankamer	Lehman
Harbin	Little
Harper	Loggins
Harrell	Mauritz

McKee	Sewell
Morse	Sharpe
Oliver	Simpson
Petsch	Smith of Tarrant
Prescott	Stinson
Reed of Bowie	Stocks
Reed of Dallas	Talbert
Rhodes	Thornton
Ross	Waggoner
Settle	Winfree

Nays—83

Adkins	Lanning
Alexander	Leath
Amos	Leyendecker
Bell	London
Boethel	Lucas
Bond	Mann
Bradbury	Mays
Broadfoot	McConnell
Brown	McDonald
Burton	McFarland
Carssow	McKinney
Cathey	Metcalfe
Cauthorn	Moffett
Cleveland	Monkhouse
Colquitt	Morris
Davis of Haskell	Newton
Davis of Jasper	Nicholson
Davisson	Palmer
of Eastland	Patterson of Mills
Dean	Patterson
Deglandon	of Travis
Dickison	Pope
Dollins	Powell
England	Quinn
Farmer	Ragsdale
Fielden	Reader
Fuchs	Roark
Gibson	Russell
Graves	Schuenemann
Hardin	Skaggs
Harris of Archer	Smith of Hopkins
Harris of Dallas	Smith
Harris of Dickens	of Matagorda
Holland	Stevenson
Huddleston	Tarwater
Jackson	Tennant
Jones of Angelina	Tennyson
Jones of Wise	Thornberry
Keefe	Vale
Keith	Weldon
Kelt	Westbrook
King	Wood
Langdon	Worley

Present—Not Voting

Jones of Falls

Absent

Anderson	Felty
Celaya	Hanna

Johnson of Ellis Shell
Riddle

Absent—Excused

Davison of Fisher Rutta
Leonard

Mr. Derden moved that the resolution be set as a special order for 2:00 o'clock p. m., today.

Question recurring on the motion by Mr. Derden, yeas and nays were demanded.

The motion was lost by the following vote:

Yeas—26

Alsup	Hyder
Anderson	Kern
Bradford	Morse
Bridgers	Petsch
Broadfoot	Quinn
Cagle	Reed of Bowie
Colquitt	Rhodes
Derden	Settle
England	Sewell
Harrell	Sharpe
Heflin	Simpson
Hoskins	Thornton
Howard	Winfree

Nays—111

Adkins	Gibson
Alexander	Graves
Amos	Hamilton
Baker	Hankamer
Bates	Harbin
Beckworth	Hardin
Bell	Harper
Blankenship	Harris of Archer
Boethel	Harris of Dallas
Bond	Harris of Dickens
Boyer	Hartzog
Bradbury	Herzik
Brown	Holland
Burton	Huddleston
Callan	Hull
Carssow	Jackson
Cathey	Johnson of Ellis
Cauthorn	Jones of Angelina
Cleveland	Jones of Wise
Davis of Haskell	Keefe
Davis of Jasper	Keith
Davisson	Kelt
of Eastland	Kenyon
Dean	King
Deglandon	Knetsch
Dickison	Langdon
Dollins	Lankford
Farmer	Lanning
Felty	Leath
Fielden	Lehman
Fox	Leyendecker
Fuchs	Little

Loggins	Ragsdale
London	Reader
Lucas	Reed of Dallas
Mann	Roark
Mauritz	Ross
Mays	Russell
McConnell	Schuenemann
McDonald	Skaggs
McFarland	Smith of Hopkins
McKee	Smith
McKinney	of Matagorda
Metcalfe	Smith of Tarrant
Moffett	Stevenson
Monkhouse	Stinson
Morris	Stocks
Newton	Talbert
Nicholson	Tarwater
Oliver	Tennant
Palmer	Tennyson
Patterson of Mills	Thornberry
Patterson	Waggoner
of Travis	Weldon
Pope	Westbrook
Powell	Wood
Prescott	Worley

Present—Not Voting

Jones of Falls

Absent

Celaya	Jones of Atascosa
Donaghey	Riddle
Hanna	Shell
Johnson	Vale
of Tarrant	

Absent—Excused

Davison of Fisher Rutta
Leonard

Mr. Dean moved to table the resolution by Mr. Derden.

Question recurring on the motion to table, yeas and nays were demanded.

The motion to table prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas—75

Adkins	Burton
Alexander	Colquitt
Alsup	Davis of Jasper
Amos	Davisson
Bates	of Eastland
Bell	Dean
Beckworth	Dickison
Boethel	Dollins
Bond	England
Boyer	Farmer
Bradbury	Fielden
Bridgers	Fox
Brown	Gibson

Graves	Metcalf
Hardin	Moffett
Harper	Monkhouse
Harris of Archer	Morris
Harris of Dallas	Morse
Harbin	Newton
Holland	Nicholson
Hoskins	Patterson
Huddleston	of Travis
Jackson	Pope
Johnson of Ellis	Reader
Jones of Angelina	Roark
Jones of Falls	Ross
Jones of Wise	Russell
Keefe	Skaggs
Keith	Smith of Hopkins
Langdon	Smith
Lanning	of Matagorda
Lehman	Stevenson
Lucas	Tarwater
London	Tennant
Mays	Tennyson
McConnell	Thornberry
McDonald	Waggoner
McFarland	Weldon
McKinney	Wood

Nays—63

Baker	Leath
Blankenship	Leyendecker
Bradford	Little
Cagle	Loggins
Callan	Mann
Carsow	Mauritz
Cathey	McKee
Cauthorn	Oliver
Cleveland	Palmer
Davis of Haskell	Patterson of Mills
Deglandon	Petsch
Derden	Powell
Felty	Prescott
Fuchs	Quinn
Hamilton	Ragsdale
Hankamer	Reed of Bowie
Harrell	Reed of Dallas
Harris of Dickens	Rhodes
Hartzog	Schuenemann
Heflin	Settle
Howard	Sewell
Hull	Sharpe
Hyder	Simpson
Johnson	Smith of Tarrant
of Tarrant	Stinson
Jones of Atascosa	Stocks
Kelt	Talbert
Kenyon	Thornton
Kern	Vale
King	Westbrook
Knetsch	Winfree
Lankford	Worley

Absent

Anderson	Celaya
Broadfoot	Donaghey

Hanna	Riddle
Herzik	Shell

Absent—Excused

Davison of Fisher	Rutta
Leonard	

TO PROVIDE FOR JOINT SESSION TO HEAR ADDRESS BY THE GOVERNOR

Mr. Fielden offered the following resolution:

H. C. R. No. 4, To provide for a Joint Session to hear address by the Governor.

Be It Resolved by the House, the Senate concurring, That the two Houses meet in Joint Session on Monday, September 27th, at 12:50 p. m., for the purpose of allowing Governor James V. Allred to deliver in person his message to the Second Called Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature.

The resolution was read second time, and was adopted.

In accordance with the above action, the Speaker announced the appointment of the following committee to escort the Governor to the Speaker's stand: Messrs. Mauritz, Alexander, Tennyson, Hull and Carsow.

HOUSE NOTIFIED

A committee from the Senate appeared at the bar of the House and, being duly announced, stated that the Senate is now organized and ready for the transaction of business.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Austin, Texas, September 27, 1937.
Hon. R. W. Calvert, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Sir: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House the Senate has passed the following:

H. C. R. No. 4, Relative to a Joint Session of the House and Senate at 12:50 p. m., for the purpose of hearing Hon. James V. Allred deliver his message in person.

Respectfully,

BOB BARKER,

Secretary of the Senate.

TO PROVIDE FOR APPOINTMENT OF A JOINT COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE DEPART- MENTS OF THE STATE

Mr. Knetsch offered the following resolution:

H. C. R. No. 3, To provide for ap-

pointment of a Joint Committee to investigate Departments of the State.

Whereas, The operation, management and support of the State government has grown to tremendous proportions, this being evidenced by the fact that the Departmental Appropriation Bill recently passed by the Regular Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature contained some 45 separate departmental appropriations; and

Whereas, The appropriations for the next biennium covering the Departmental, Judiciary, Eleemosynary, Educational, and Rural Aid appropriations amounted in the aggregate to more than Seventy-one Million (\$71,000,000.00) Dollars; and

Whereas, The costs and expenses of the government of this State has been and is growing by leaps and bounds, the appropriations for the next biennium being Eight to Ten Million Dollars higher than for the biennium closing on August 31, 1937; and

Whereas, The departments of government are rapidly increasing and are growing to such proportions as to cause all thinking persons to view with alarm the magnitude and scope of the costs of our State government; and

Whereas, The State of Texas has no means of meeting the heavy obligations to carry on its Government except by means of taxes; and

Whereas, The magnitude of the operation of our government through its various departments and institutions has grown to such an extent that it vitally affects every citizen of this State, and the costs of operating such government creates a liability upon every kind and character of property located within the confines of this State; and

Whereas, There is no indication of a cessation or letting-up of the increase in costs of government due to the fact that we now have pensions for the aged, pensions for firemen, pensions for school teachers, and amendments have recently been adopted providing for aid to certain blind citizens and aid to children of indigent parents; and

Whereas, It is the duty of the Legislature of this State to see that adequate revenue is raised; that it is dispensed justly and equitably, and that reasonable service is received by the State from its various employees for the money so spent; and

Whereas, Under the Constitution of

this State, sessions of the Legislature are limited to one regular session each two years, and such number of special sessions as may be called by the Governor; and

Whereas, There are usually introduced at a regular session of the Legislature approximately 1,000 to 1,200 bills in the House of Representatives, and approximately 500 to 600 bills in the Senate, dealing with practically every conceivable phase of government and taxation, as well as hundreds of simple, concurrent, and joint resolutions; and

Whereas, It is a physical impossibility for even the most studious and energetic Member of the Legislature to read, much less digest, this large volume of proposed legislation in the limited time afforded; and

Whereas, Because of the conditions hereinbefore outlined it is absolutely impossible for the Members of the Legislature of this State to give careful and due consideration to proposed legislation, and thus through no fault of the Legislature, but principally due to our system of government, many laws are passed that probably should not ever have been passed, and many laws that are really needed are passed in form and substance contrary to the best interests of the citizens of this State, because they were not and could not have been properly considered in the first instance by the Legislature; and

Whereas, It is fundamental that the Legislature should be fully informed upon all matters of government coming before it, and especially upon the matters of the various departments and institutions of every kind, as well as being informed upon the properties in this State subject to taxation and the ability of such properties, or rather the owners thereof, to meet the tax burdens of this government in consonance with the Constitutional provision which says that all taxes shall be equal and uniform; and

Whereas, It is believed that the unfortunate condition existing, as hereinbefore outlined, can be materially changed for the better and more favorable results obtained by the creation of a joint committee from the Senate and the House of Representatives of the State of Texas to exist and operate as a Joint Interim Committee; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, That a Joint Committee, consisting of five

Members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House, and five Members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President of the Senate, be and is hereby created for the following purposes:

Said Committee shall, after its appointment, meet and select one of its members Chairman, and such Chairman shall be authorized and empowered to call such meetings as the Committee may deem necessary, and the Committee may adopt such rules and regulations as will be necessary to carry out the purposes of this resolution.

Said Committee shall have the power and authority, and it shall be its duty to make a full investigation of the various departments and institutions of the government of the State of Texas in order to determine as nearly as possible the actual need of such departments and institutions in order that same may properly function with the least possible expense to the State, especially having in mind the recommendation of the elimination of any unnecessary departments or institutions and the consolidation of several departments where there is a duplication of functions. In this connection this Committee is authorized and empowered to issue subpoenas calling for the appearance of the heads and employees of departments and institutions, as well as any other person or persons it may desire to interrogate, before it and to compel the attendance of such persons, together with such books, records, and other information as the Committee may desire. Failure or refusal on the part of any person to obey such subpoenas so issued by such Committee shall subject such person or persons as for contempt in the courts of this State.

It shall be the duty of such Committee to make a record of its findings and investigations in such form as it shall decide upon, but it shall not be mandatory to keep a stenographic record of all its investigations.

It shall be the further duty of this Committee periodically, and not less than monthly, to submit to the other Members of the Legislature a brief recapitulation of its findings in such investigations and examinations, as well as the suggestions of such Committee to remedy the situations as disclosed.

It shall also be the duty of this Committee to check into, investigate and examine the taxable properties of this State of every kind and character and after having so investigated such taxable property, to work out and suggest a tax program for the next Regular Session of the Texas Legislature that will be comprehensive in its scope and just, fair, and equitable in its application so that no class, character or kind of property will be bearing more than its just tax burden but that all property in this State will be taxed fairly, equally and uniformly so as to as nearly as possible equitably distribute the tax burdens of this State.

The Committee herein provided shall have free access to all books and records in the several departments of the State Government, and of any other political subdivisions of the State.

The Committee shall also have the power to require from all persons, firms, and corporations in this State such information as it may desire with reference to the properties and tax burdens being borne by same.

It shall be the further duty of this Committee to not only make suggestions for legislation to meet the needs of this State from the standpoint of raising the needed revenue to properly carry on the business of the State and to wipe out as far as possible and practicable the deficit of the State, and to make suggestions as to the consolidation of some of our various departments, if such be practical and economical, but also prepare and have ready for consideration by the next Regular Session of the Forty-sixth Legislature such bills as will in the judgment of the members of this Committee effectuate the purposes as suggested by such Committee; that is to say, said Committee shall prepare bills ready for introduction at the Regular Session of the Forty-sixth Legislature as will in the judgment of the Committee remedy the evils existing as evidenced by its investigation; provided, however, that such bills shall deal as much as possible with single subject matters; and provided further that all such proposed bills shall be prepared at least 15 days before the convening of the Forty-sixth Legislature, and copies thereof sent to each Member of that Legislature. Such Committee shall also invite suggestions from all Members of the Legislature as to sug-

gested and proposed legislation. Such Committee shall also keep available for use by any Member of the Legislature all data accumulated by it pertaining to or affecting any of the matters investigated by it.

It is further resolved, That all persons attending any meeting or meetings of such Committee after having been subpoenaed so to do, shall be entitled to mileage and per diem the same as is now provided by law for the attendance of witnesses in the trial of civil cases in the courts of this State.

The Committee is authorized to employ a secretary who shall keep a record of proceedings had by the Committee under the direction of the Chairman, and to keep said records available for inspection and examination at any time by any member or members of the Committee, as well as Members of the Legislature. The salary of such Secretary shall be the same as paid for like services in the Departmental Appropriations Bill of this State. The Committee is authorized to employ such additional help as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of this resolution.

The members of the Committee shall receive no compensation for the performance of their services as members of the Committee, but they shall receive during the time they actually serve, their traveling expenses, including hotel, telegraph, telephone, postage, and express expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties, and the Committee shall be authorized and empowered to purchase such stationery and other supplies as may be necessary for the discharge of their duties.

The Committee shall be provided with a committee room in the Capitol in Austin, and its sessions shall be open to the public, except at such times as the Committee may, by a majority vote, determine to hold an executive session.

In order to defray the expenses authorized under the terms of this resolution, there is hereby appropriated from the general revenue out of the Contingent Expense Fund of the Second Called Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature, the sum of Ten Thousand (\$10,000.00) Dollars, or so much thereof as may be needed.

Such money shall be paid only upon vouchers issued by the Chairman of said Committee, countersigned by the

Secretary thereof, provided that no voucher shall be issued to any person or persons until such person has filed with the Chairman of said Committee an itemized statement showing in detail the nature of such account and for what purpose incurred; said account to be duly verified by the maker thereof; provided further that the Secretary of said Committee shall keep a complete and accurate account of all monies expended under the terms of this resolution, and in no event shall the amount so expended exceed the amount hereinabove appropriated; and provided further that the Secretary shall file with the Chairman of the Contingent Expense Account a statement showing in detail the expenditures made by such Committee, and the amounts thereof, and to whom such payments were made.

KNETSCH,
BRADBURY.
THORNTON,
McKEE,
BLANKENSHIP.

The resolution was read second time.

Mr. Knetsch moved that further consideration of the resolution be postponed until 10:00 o'clock a. m., tomorrow.

Mr. Hardin moved to table the resolution.

Question recurring on the motion to table, yeas and nays were demanded.

The motion to table was lost by the following vote:

Yeas—56

Adkins	Harrell
Alsup	Harris of Archer
Amos	Harris of Dallas
Anderson	Herzik
Bates	Hoskins
Bradford	Huddleston
Bridgers	Jackson
Burton	Johnson of Ellis
Cathey	Jones of Falls
Cauthorn	Keefe
Davis of Haskell	Kern
Davis of Jasper	King
Davisson	Langdon
of Eastland	Lanning
Dickison	Leath
Donaghey	Lehman
Farmer	London
Fox	Lucas
Hanna	McDonald
Harbin	Moffett
Hardin	Newton
Harper	Nicholson

Oliver	Skaggs
Palmer	Smith of Tarrant
Pope	Tarwater
Reader	Weldon
Reed of Bowie	Westbrook
Riddle	Winfree
Roark	

Nays—83

Baker	Little
Beckworth	Loggins
Bell	Mann
Blankenship	Mays
Boethel	McConnell
Bond	McFarland
Boyer	McKee
Bradbury	McKinney
Broadfoot	Metcalfe
Brown	Monkhouse
Cagle	Morse
Callan	Morris
Cleveland	Patterson of Mills
Colquitt	Patterson
Dean	of Travis
Deglandon	Petsch
Derden	Powell
Dollins	Prescott
England	Quinn
Felty	Ragsdale
Fielden	Reed of Dallas
Fuchs	Rhodes
Gibson	Ross
Graves	Russell
Hamilton	Schuenemann
Hankamer	Sewell
Harris of Dickens	Settle
Hartzog	Sharpe
Heflin	Simpson
Holland	Smith of Hopkins
Howard	Smith
Hyder	of Matagorda
Johnson	Stevenson
of Tarrant	Stinson
Jones of Angelina	Stocks
Jones of Atascosa	Talbert
Jones of Wise	Tennant
Keith	Thornberry
Kelt	Thornton
Kenyon	Vale
Knetsch	Waggoner
Lankford	Wood
Leyendecker	Worley

Absent

Alexander	Mauritz
Carssow	Shell
Celaya	Tennyson
Hull	

Absent—Excused

Davison of Fisher	Rutta
Leonard	

Question then recurring on the motion by Mr. Knetsch, to postpone

further consideration of the resolution until 10:00 o'clock a. m., tomorrow, it prevailed.

ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR JAMES V. ALLRED

(In Joint Session)

In accordance with the provisions of House Concurrent Resolution No. 4, Providing for a Joint Session of the House and Senate, for the purpose of hearing an address by Governor James V. Allred, the Honorable Senators, at 12:50 o'clock p. m., appeared at the bar of the House and, being duly admitted, were escorted to seats along the aisle.

Lieutenant Governor Walter F. Woodul occupied a seat on the Speaker's stand.

Governor James V. Allred and party, escorted by Senators Hill, Westerfeld and Nelson, committee on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. Mauritz, Alexander, Tennyson, Hull and Carsow, committee on the part of the House, were announced at the bar of the House and, being duly admitted, occupied seats on the Speaker's stand.

Speaker Calvert called the House to order and stated that the two Houses were in Joint Session for the purpose of hearing an address by Governor James V. Allred.

Lieutenant Governor Walter F. Woodul called the Senate to order and presented Governor James V. Allred, who addressed the Joint Session, as follows:

Austin, Texas,

September 27, 1937

To the Members of the Forty-fifth Legislature (Second Called Session):

We are here to carry out the "people's program".

With an ever mounting deficit in the General Fund; facing radical reduction in the rolls and in payments to our aged needy by January 1st; with a constitutional mandate from the people to adequately provide for our old people and to extend the helping hand of the State to the needy blind and to underprivileged children; solemnly obligated to contribute to a retirement fund for teachers who have devoted a lifetime of poorly compensated service in moulding the minds and character of our children—teachers from whom already the State is collecting contributions to

this fund; all this in a State rich in resources and well able to make these investments in human happiness and security—this, in my judgment, constitutes an "extraordinary occasion", which, under the Constitution, required me to call this Session.

There is still too much misery, too much want among too many people in Texas. Many of our old folks are still in dire need. They are either not on the old age assistance rolls at all, or the payments made to them are too small adequately to sustain them. Underprivileged children in poverty-stricken homes are entitled to our help. The blind cry out for justice. Already Texas has delayed longer than most of the states in putting these features of the Social Security Program into effect. But—Texas people have made their wishes known at the ballot box. You and I must meet this challenge with action, or stand indicted for breaking faith with the people.

Let it be remembered that on every occasion when they have had an opportunity to express themselves, overwhelming approval has been given to the humanitarian social security program inaugurated and carried on during this administration. The job is not completed. It is the people's will that it shall be.

"Of course," it costs money to pay for unemployment compensation and for old age assistance. "Of course," it will cost money to aid the needy blind, to aid dependent children and to contribute to the retirement of our teachers. "Of course," we are going to have to raise additional revenue to defray these newly added expenses of government. But—the people ordered this! Does anyone presume for one moment that they were ignorant of these realities when they directed these progressive reforms? Of course not! Indeed, the people were warned by those who opposed these amendments that taxes would have to be levied to support them.

Realizing as I do that we are faced with these necessities, I cannot help, indeed I do not wish to avoid taking notice of efforts being made to turn us from the path of plain and simple duty. "Beware of false prophets."

Let me caution you against those who say there is no necessity for additional taxes, who denounce old age assistance as a dole, who make the specious argument that the social security program can be carried on at

the expense of other necessary functions of government, and who condemn as socialistic and un-American the great progressive strides that have been made under Democratic leadership.

Whether they know it or not, those who say these things are but playing into the hands of selfish interests, of haughty men who apparently think that because they have acquired great wealth they should be given special privileges. Although able to pay, they are unwilling to bear their share of the burden.

Those who say these things apparently think it would be better for the State in the long run for old people to continue in want, for the blind and the needy children to suffer, than to increase the cost of government. But they do not speak for the great masses of the people of Texas. They represent forces of reaction and futilely hope for the return of the "good old days" when someone told a destitute people, who could not even assist themselves, that it was their duty to support the government.

These people had just as well understand here and now that, so far as I am concerned, there is not going to be any turning back. The people have ordered this social security program. You and I recognized our responsibility by passing an Old Age Assistance Law, which is not yet adequately financed; by passing a law authorizing aid to the needy blind and to dependent children, but for which not one penny has, as yet, been provided; by passing a law solemnly obligating the State to contribute to the Teachers' Retirement Fund in an amount equal to the contributions of the teachers; but for which solemn contract not a single penny has been provided.

When we passed these laws we recognized our responsibility to humanity and partially carried out a mandate from the people. I insist that if Texas is to continue to march on the high road of progress, you and I must continue to be responsive to the people's wishes. Since certain reactionary forces insist that we do not need any new taxes for these purposes, I take my stand with the old folks, with the underprivileged children, with the blind, and with those who have suffered and now suffer social injustices. For them I shall continue to fight.

It's easy in an "off election" year for organized powerful groups to propagandize members of the Legislature to the effect that we do not need any new taxes; when they know, you know, I know, we do. It's easy for those who are themselves basking in luxury and ease to say that "everything's all right" and that we need no new taxes for those in want. "For there shall arise false prophets and shall show great signs and wonders, inasmuch that if it were possible they shall deceive the very elect." They would have us render lip service only to the needy.

It's a self-evident fact that there is not enough money in the Old Age Assistance Fund to adequately provide for our needy old folks. Unless some additional money is put into this fund by January 1st, they are going to suffer even more. You and I are either for or against adequate and additional funds for these old people. I am for it! Where do you stand?

There is no dispute whatever that not a single penny has been provided for the blind, for dependent and neglected children, or for our share of the Teachers' Retirement Act. You and I are either for or against providing money for these purposes. I am for it! Where do you stand?

Security Needs

How much money do we need: we already owe \$1,626,000.00 on past due old age assistance warrants. Besides this, I think we ought to have at least Two Million Dollars more each year in the Old Age Assistance Fund. We need \$300,000.00 each year for aid to the blind. We need a Million and a Half Dollars each year for aid to dependent children. Conservatively, we need approximately \$1,500,000.00 each year for our contribution to the Teachers' Retirement Fund. Thus it will be seen that we need a total of \$6,926,000.00 for the people's Social Security Program.

General Revenue

Last January I told you that the State Auditor estimated the deficit in the General Fund would be approximately Fifteen Million Dollars on August 31st. It is actually approximately \$15,194,000.00.

The State Auditor estimates that the deficit at the end of the next fiscal year will be Twenty Million Dollars, and at the end of the biennium Twenty-four Million Dollars. In

making these estimates he has made liberal allowance for better business conditions. This deficit would have been several Million Dollars greater had it not been for my vetoes.

Thus it will be seen that for the next two years the expenditures out of General Revenue will exceed income approximately Four and a Half Million Dollars each year. This will still leave the deficit at about Fifteen Million Dollars. We need new taxes for General Revenue to take care of the increased appropriations made by this Legislature and to wipe out the deficit. I urge that the budget be balanced now; and that provision be made to retire this deficit.

How To Raise The Money

How shall we raise the money: my views are well known to this Legislature. I have tried to make my tax recommendations and messages as exhaustive as possible. They are matters of public record in the Journals of both Houses. I still think we ought to raise this money from those who are able to pay; from increased natural resource taxes, from franchise taxes, from taxes on the earnings of pipeline companies, utilities and other corporations. More than thirty states in this Union have an income tax law. I think this tax is fairer than a general sales tax. We can finance this security program and balance the budget without a general sales tax.

Members of the Forty-fifth Legislature, I submit it is your duty to levy taxes sufficient to take care of the appropriations which you yourselves increased. It is likewise unquestionably your duty to levy taxes to pay for social and relief measures voted by the people. For that purpose I have called you here in extraordinary session and have made my recommendations. I stand ready to counsel and assist you at all times, but the matter is now in your hands. I appeal to you as loyal, patriotic Texans to carry out not my program, not your program, but the "people's program", the program they ordered at the polls, a program that should be free of politics or personalities.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES V. ALLRED,
Governor of Texas.

SENATE RETIRES

At the conclusion of the address the Senate, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., retired to its Chamber.

HOUSE BILL ON FIRST READING

The following House bill, introduced today, was laid before the House, read first time, and referred to the appropriate committee, as follows:

By Mr. Graves:

H. B. No. 1, A bill to be entitled "An Act making an appropriation of the sum of One Hundred Thousand (\$100,000.00) Dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, out of any funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to pay contingent expenses, and to pay the mileage and per diem of Members and per diem of officers and employees of the Second Called Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature, and to pay any unpaid bills or accounts of the First Called Session of the Forty-fifth Legislature, also, there is hereby re-appropriated any unexpended balances at the credit of the Contingent Expense Fund of the House of Representatives, same being No. W-1377 account, and be used for the same purposes as is above set out, as may be found necessary, and declaring an emergency."

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

RESOLUTION SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker signed, in the presence of the House, after giving due notice thereof, and its caption had been read, the following enrolled resolution:

H. C. R. No. 4, To provide for Joint Session to hear address by Governor James V. Allred.

ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. Anderson, the House, at 1:25 o'clock p. m., adjourned until 10:00 o'clock a. m., tomorrow.

SECOND DAY

(Tuesday, September 28, 1937)

The House met at 10:00 o'clock a. m., pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by Speaker Calvert.

The roll of the House was called, and the following Members were present:

Mr. Speaker	Alsup
Adkins	Amos
Alexander	Anderson

Baker	Jones of Atascosa
Bates	Jones of Falls
Beckworth	Jones of Wise
Bell	Keefe
Blankenship	Keith
Boethel	Kelt
Bond	Kenyon
Boyer	Kern
Bradbury	King
Bradford	Knetsch
Bridgers	Langdon
Broadfoot	Lankford
Brown	Lanning
Burton	Leath
Cagle	Lehman
Callan	Leyendecker
Carsow	Little
Cathey	Loggins
Cauthorn	London
Celaya	Lucas
Cleveland	Mann
Colquitt	Mauritz
Davis of Haskell	Mays
Davis of Jasper	McConnell
Davisson	McDonald
of Eastland	McFarland
Dean	McKee
Deglandon	McKinney
Derden	Metcalfe
Dickison	Moffett
Dollins	Monkhouse
Donaghey	Morris
England	Morse
Farmer	Newton
Felty	Nicholson
Fielden	Oliver
Fox	Palmer
Fuchs	Patterson of Mills
Gibson	Patterson
Graves	of Travis
Hamilton	Pope
Hankamer	Powell
Hanna	Prescott
Harbin	Quinn
Hardin	Ragsdale
Harper	Reader
Harrell	Reed of Bowie
Harris of Archer	Reed of Dallas
Harris of Dallas	Rhodes
Harris of Dickens	Riddle
Hartzog	Roark
Heflin	Ross
Herzik	Russell
Holland	Rutta
Hoskins	Schuenemann
Howard	Settle
Huddleston	Sewell
Hull	Sharpe
Hyder	Shell
Jackson	Simpson
Johnson of Ellis	Skaggs
Johnson	Smith of Hopkins
of Tarrant	Smith
Jones of Angelina	of Matagorda